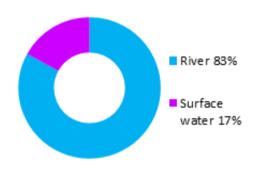
Whitburn (Candidate Potentially Vulnerable Area 10/29c)

Local Plan District	Local authority	Main catchment
Forth Estuary	West Lothian Council	River Almond

Summary of flooding impacts



At risk of flooding

- 180 residential properties
- 10 non-residential properties
- £270,000 Annual Average Damages

(damages by flood source shown left)

Summary of objectives to manage flooding

Objectives have been set by SEPA and agreed with flood risk management authorities. These are the aims for managing local flood risk. The objectives have been grouped in three main ways: by reducing risk, avoiding increasing risk or accepting risk by maintaining current levels of management.

Many organisations, such as Scottish Water and energy companies, actively maintain and manage their own assets including their risk from flooding. Where known, these actions are described here. Scottish Natural Heritage and Historic Environment Scotland work with site owners to manage flooding where appropriate at designated environmental and/or cultural heritage sites. These actions are not detailed further in the Flood Risk Management Strategies.

Summary of actions to manage flooding

The actions below have been selected to manage flood risk.

Flood protection scheme/works	Natural flood management works	New flood warning	Community flood action groups	Property level protection scheme	Site protection plans
Flood protection study	Natural flood management study	Maintain flood warning	Awareness raising	Surface water plan/study	Emergency plans/response
Maintain flood protection scheme	Strategic mapping and modelling	Flood forecasting	Self help	Maintenance	Planning policies

Whitburn (Candidate Potentially Vulnerable Area 10/29c)

Local Plan District	Local authority	Main catchment
Forth Estuary	West Lothian Council	River Almond

Background

This candidate Potentially Vulnerable Area is 17km² and includes Whitburn and Blackburn (shown below).



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The majority of flood damages are caused by river flooding.

There are approximately 180 residential properties and 10 non-residential properties at risk of flooding.

The Annual Average Damages are approximately £270,000.

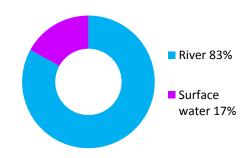


Figure 1: Annual Average Damages by flood source

Summary of flooding impacts

Whilst this area was not identified as a Potentially Vulnerable Area in 2011, the information on flood risk from the new hazard maps identified that this area should be regarded as a candidate future Potentially Vulnerable Area due to the potential risk to people and properties.

The highest risk of river flooding is from the Cultrig Burn and its extension the White Burn to Whitburn. The highest risk of surface water flooding is in Whitburn.

The risk of flooding to people, property, as well as to community facilities, utilities, the transport network, designated sites and agricultural land is summarised in Table 1.

The damages associated with floods of different likelihood are shown in Figure 2. For this candidate Potentially Vulnerable Area the highest damages are to residential properties followed by damages to roads, notably the M8 and A705. The location of the impacts of flooding is shown in Figure 3.

The figures presented for Annual Average Damages include damages to residential properties, non-residential properties, transport and agriculture.

The risk of flooding to utilities in Table 1 does not include Scottish Water data. Scottish Water undertook a national assessment of above ground assets at medium likelihood of flooding (including water treatment works, wastewater treatment works and pumping stations). Within this Potentially Vulnerable Area there is one asset identified as being at risk of flooding.

	1 in 10	1 in 200	1 in 1000
	High likelihood	Medium likelihood	Low likelihood
Residential properties (total 7,800)	10	180	200
Non-residential properties (total 560)	<10	10	20
People	30	390	440
Community facilities	0	0	0
Utilities	<10	<10	<10
Transport links (excluding minor roads)	1 M road (M8), 3 A roads, 5 B roads at 62 locations	1 M road (M8), 3 A roads, 5 B roads at 102 locations	1 M road (M8), 3 A roads, 5 B roads at 122 locations
Environmental designated areas (km²)	0	0	0
Designated cultural heritage sites	0	2	2
Agricultural land (km²)	0.7	0.8	0.9

Table 1: Summary of flooding impacts

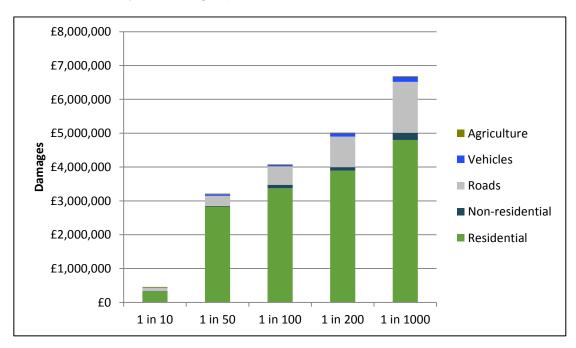


Figure 2: Damages by flood likelihood

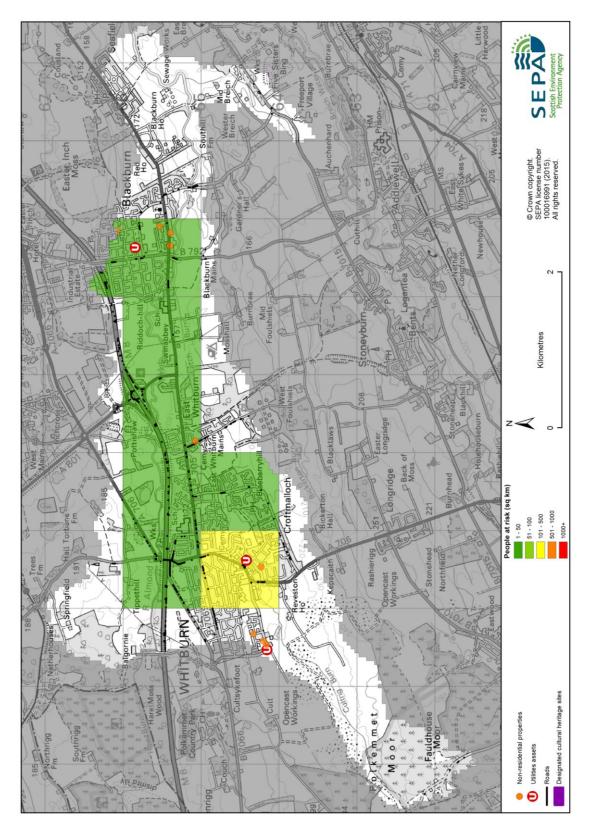


Figure 3: Impacts of flooding

History of flooding

The following significant floods have been recorded in this area:

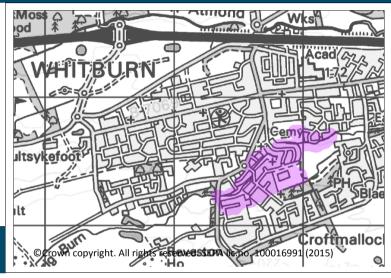
- 18 January 1909: A large flood event known to have affected many areas in the southern and central counties of Scotland.
- 1 February 1884: Overtopping on the River Almond resulted in large areas of flooding in Whitburn.

Objectives to manage flooding in Potentially Vulnerable Area 10/29c

Objectives provide a common goal and shared ambition for managing floods. These objectives have been set by SEPA and agreed with flood risk management authorities following consultation. They were identified through an assessment of the underlying evidence of the causes and impacts of flooding. Target areas have been set to focus actions; they do not necessarily correspond to areas at risk in SEPA's flood map. The objectives below have been set for Whitburn Candidate Potentially Vulnerable Area.

Reduce economic damages to residential and non-residential properties in Whitburn caused by flooding from the White Burn Indicators: Target area:

- £180,000 Annual Average Damages from residential properties
- £700 Annual Average Damages from nonresidential properties



Objective ID: 10094

Target area	Objective	ID	Indicators within PVA
Applies across Forth Estuary Local Plan District	Avoid an overall increase in flood risk	10001	180 residential properties£270,000 Annual Average Damages
Applies across Forth Estuary Local Plan District	Reduce overall flood risk	10099	180 residential properties£270,000 Annual Average Damages
Applies across Forth Estuary Local Plan District	Organisations such as Scottish Water, energy companies and Historic Environment Scotland actively maintain and manage their own assets, including the risk of flooding. These actions are not detailed further in the Flood Risk Management Strategies.		

Actions to manage flooding in Potentially Vulnerable Area 10/29c

Actions describe where and how flood risk will be managed. These actions have been set by SEPA and agreed with flood risk management authorities following consultation. Selection of actions to deliver the agreed objectives was based on a detailed assessment and comparison of economic, social and environmental criteria. The actions shaded and then described below have been selected as the most appropriate for Whitburn Candidate Potentially Vulnerable Area.

Selected actions					
Flood protection scheme/works	Natural flood management works	New flood warning	Community flood action groups	Property level protection scheme	Site protection plans
Flood protection study	Natural flood management study	Maintain flood warning	Awareness raising	Surface water plan/study	Emergency plans/response
Maintain flood protection scheme	Strategic mapping and modelling	Flood forecasting	Self help	Maintenance	Planning policies

Action (ID):	FLOOD PROTECTION STUDY (100940005)			
Objective (ID):	Reduce economic damages to residential and non-residential properties in Whitburn caused by flooding from the White Burn (10094)			
Delivery lead:	West Lothian Council			
Priority:	National:		Wit	thin local authority:
c.i.y.	68 of 168			1 of 4
Status:	Not started	Indicative	delivery:	2016-2021
Description:	A flood protection study has been recommended for Whitburn to assess whether modification of conveyance, flood defences and sediment management could reduce flood risk. The study should also investigate the viability of property level protection. The study should take a catchment approach and consider the potential benefits and disbenefits and interaction between actions upstream and downstream.			
	Potentia	al impacts	S	
Economic:	The study could benefit 137 residential properties and one non- residential property at risk of flooding in this location, with potential damages avoided of up to £5.4 million.			
Social:	Social impacts will depend on the outcome of the study and recommended actions. A reduction in flood risk would have a positive benefit to the health and wellbeing of the community.			
Environmental:	Flood protection studies s impacts of proposed action environment and designatenhance and restore the through natural flood man	ons on the ted sites. environme	ecologica Where po ent should	ll quality of the ssible opportunities to

Action (ID):	FLOOD FORECASTING	(100990009)	
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk	(10099)	
Delivery lead:	SEPA		
Status:	Existing	Indicative delivery:	Ongoing
Description:	The Scottish Flood Fored SEPA and the Met Office statements which are issuservice also provides infowarnings, giving people a flooding on their home or SEPA's website.	that produces daily, ued to Category 1 ar ormation which allow a better chance of re	national flood guidance nd 2 Responders. The s SEPA to issue flood ducing the impact of

Action (ID):	SELF HELP (100990011)				
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)				
Delivery lead:	_				
Status:	Existing Indicative delivery: Ongoing				
Description:	Everyone is responsible for protecting themselves and their property from flooding. Property and business owners can take simple steps to reduce damage and disruption to their homes and businesses should flooding happen. This includes preparing a flood plan and flood kit, installing property level protection, signing up to Floodline and Resilient Communities initiatives, and ensuring that properties and businesses are insured against flood damage.				

Action (ID):	AWARENESS RAISING	(100990013)		
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk	(10099)		
Delivery lead:	Responsible authorities			
Status:	Existing	Indicative delivery:	Ongoing	
Description:	SEPA and the responsible authorities have a duty to raise public awareness of flood risk. Improved awareness of flood risk and actions that prepare individuals, homes and businesses for flooding can reduce the overall impact. From 2016 SEPA will engage with the community through local participation in national initiatives, including partnership working with Neighbourhood Watch Scotland. In addition, SEPA will engage with local authorities and community resilience groups where possible. Local authorities will be undertaking additional awareness raising activities. Further details will be set out in the Local FRM Plan.			

Action (ID):	MAINTENANCE (100990007)				
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)				
Delivery lead:	West Lothian Council, asset / land managers				
Status:	Existing Indicative delivery: Ongoing				
Description:	Local authorities have a duty to assess watercourses and carry out clearance and repair works where such works would substantially reduce flood risk. They produce schedules of clearance and repair works and make these available for public inspection. Scottish Water undertake inspection and repair on the public sewer network. Asset owners and riparian landowners are responsible for the maintenance and management of their own assets including those which help to reduce flood risk.				

Action (ID):	EMERGENCY PLANS/R	ESPONSE (100990	0014)			
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)				
Delivery lead:	Category 1 and 2 Responders					
Status:	Existing Indicative delivery: Ongoing					
Description:	Providing an emergency many organisations, inclusively services and SEPA. Effectively emergencies are supported by the work of West Lothian Council prouse in emergencies.	ding local authoritied tive management of the ma	s, the emergency of an emergency prepared under the Civil Responders. The is co-ordinated through is response may be ions.			

Action (ID):	PLANNING POLICIES (100010001)		
Objective (ID):	Avoid an overall increase in flood risk (10001)		
	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)		
Delivery lead:	Planning authority		
Status:	Existing	Indicative delivery:	Ongoing
Description:	Scottish Planning Policy and accompanying Planning Advice Notes set out Scottish Ministers' priorities for the operation of the planning system and for the development and use of land. In terms of flood risk management, the policy supports a catchment-scale approach to sustainable flood risk management and aims to build the resilience of our cities and towns, encourage sustainable land management in our rural areas, and to address the long-term vulnerability of parts of our coasts and islands. Under this approach, new development in areas with medium to high likelihood of flooding should be avoided. For further information on the application of national planning policies see Annex 2.		