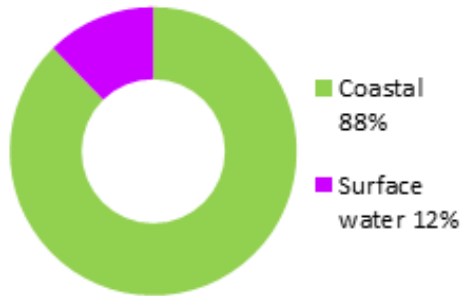


# North Queensferry and Inverkeithing (Potentially Vulnerable Area 10/10)

Local Plan District	Local authority	Main catchment
Forth Estuary	Fife Council	South Fife coastal

## Summary of flooding impacts



### At risk of flooding

- 40 residential properties
- 30 non-residential properties
- £590,000 Annual Average Damages

(damages by flood source shown left)

Summary of flooding impacts

## Summary of objectives to manage flooding

Objectives have been set by SEPA and agreed with flood risk management authorities. These are the aims for managing local flood risk. The objectives have been grouped in three main ways: by reducing risk, avoiding increasing risk or accepting risk by maintaining current levels of management.

Many organisations, such as Scottish Water and energy companies, actively maintain and manage their own assets including their risk from flooding. Where known, these actions are described here. Scottish Natural Heritage and Historic Environment Scotland work with site owners to manage flooding where appropriate at designated environmental and/or cultural heritage sites. These actions are not detailed further in the Flood Risk Management Strategies.

Objectives

## Summary of actions to manage flooding

The actions below have been selected to manage flood risk.

<i>Flood protection scheme/works</i>	<i>Natural flood management works</i>	<i>New flood warning</i>	<i>Community flood action groups</i>	<i>Property level protection scheme</i>	<i>Site protection plans</i>
<i>Flood protection study</i>	<i>Natural flood management study</i>	Maintain flood warning	Awareness raising	Surface water plan/study	Emergency plans/response
Maintain flood protection scheme	Strategic mapping and modelling	Flood forecasting	Self help	Maintenance	Planning policies

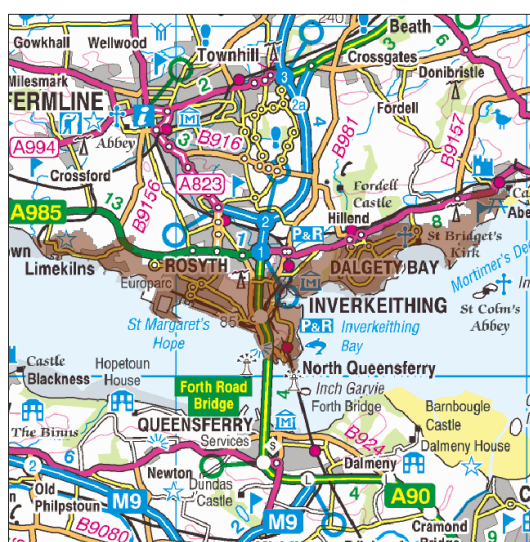
Actions

# North Queensferry and Inverkeithing (Potentially Vulnerable Area 10/10)

Local Plan District	Local authority	Main catchment
Forth Estuary	Fife Council	South Fife coastal

## Background

This Potentially Vulnerable Area is 15km<sup>2</sup> and is part of the Firth of Forth catchment (shown below). This is a large coastal area containing the towns of Dalgety Bay, North Queensferry, Rosyth and Inverkeithing.

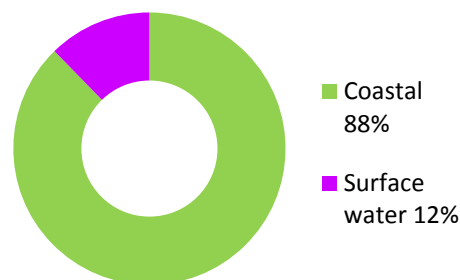


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The area has a risk of surface water and coastal flooding. The majority of damages in this Potentially Vulnerable Area are caused by coastal flooding.

There are approximately 40 residential properties and 30 non-residential properties at risk of flooding.

The Annual Average Damages are approximately £590,000.



**Figure 1:** Annual Average Damages by flood source

## Summary of flooding impacts

The highest risk of coastal flooding is from the Firth of Forth to Rosyth, Inverkeithing and North Queensferry.

The risk of flooding to people, property, as well as to community facilities, utilities, the transport network, designated sites and agricultural land is summarised in Table 1.

The damages associated with floods of different likelihood are shown in Figure 2. For this Potentially Vulnerable Area the highest damages are to non-residential properties followed by damages to residential properties. The location of the impacts of flooding is shown in Figure 3.

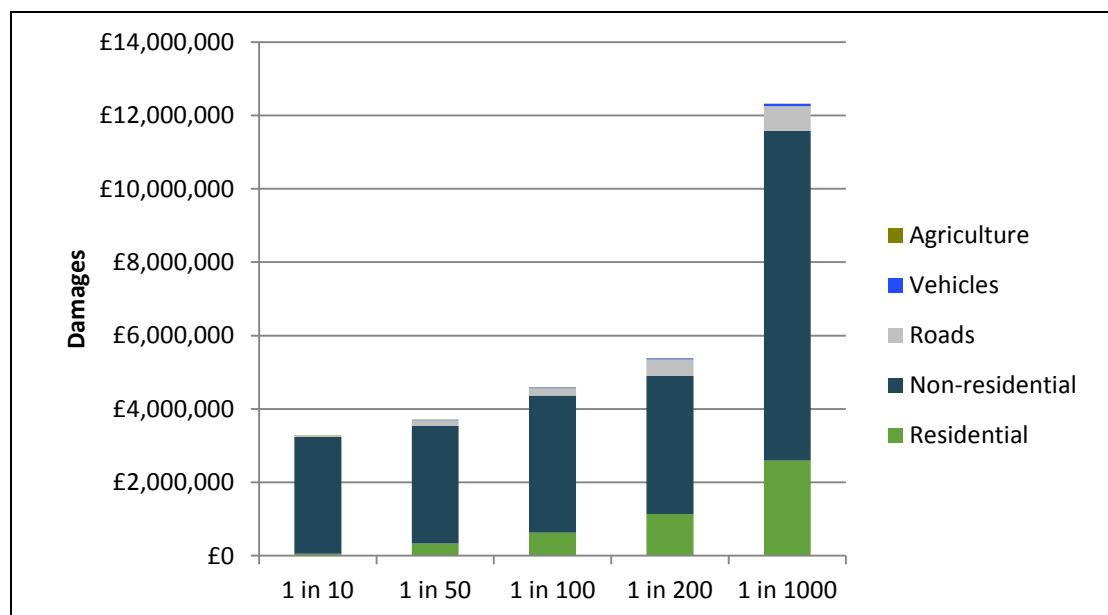
The figures presented for Annual Average Damages include damages to residential properties, non-residential properties, transport and agriculture.

The risk of flooding to utilities in Table 1 does not include Scottish Water data. Scottish Water undertook a national assessment of above ground assets at medium likelihood of flooding (including water treatment works, wastewater treatment works

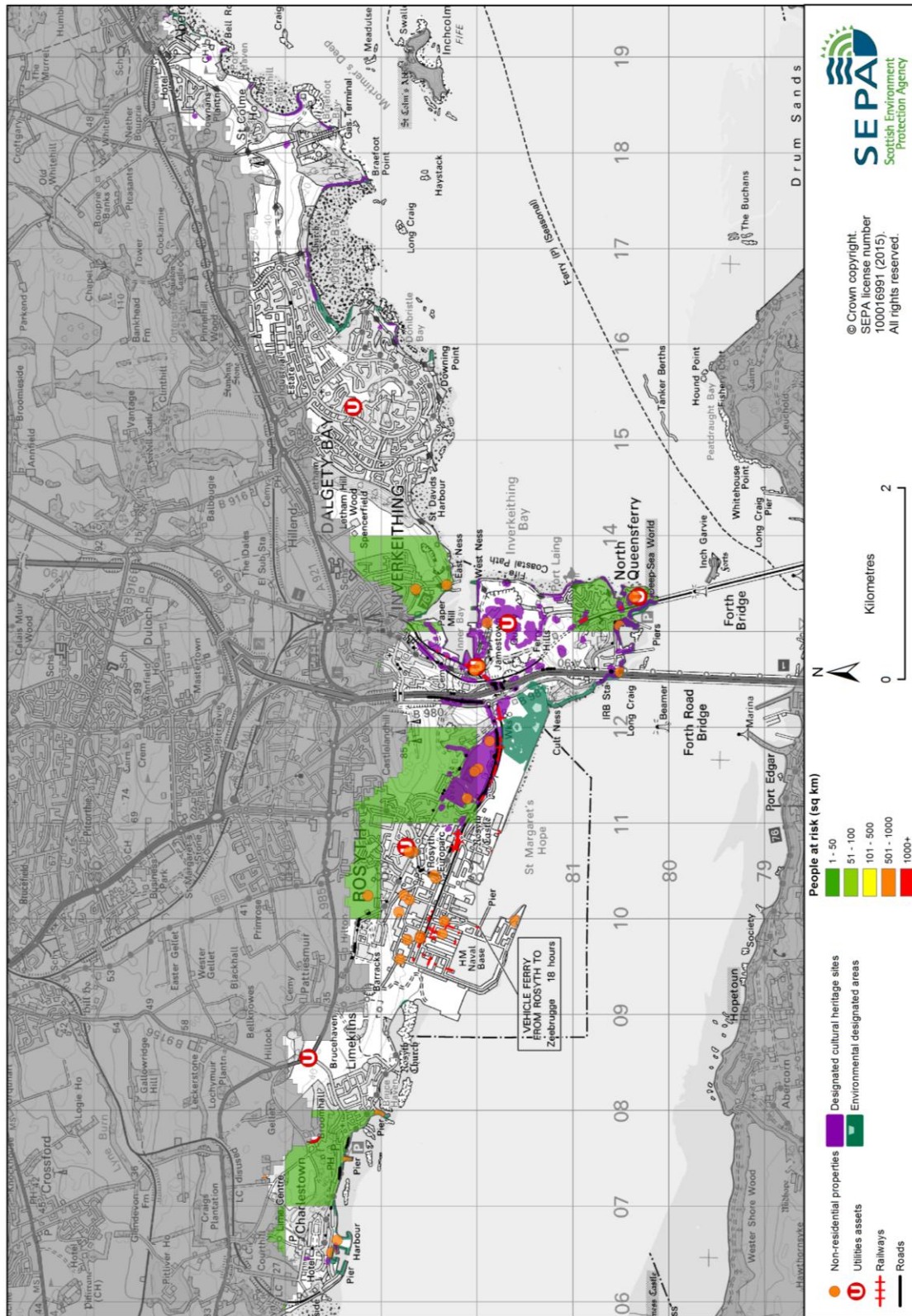
and pumping stations). Within this Potentially Vulnerable Area there are seven assets identified as being at risk of flooding.

	1 in 10	1 in 200	1 in 1000
	High likelihood	Medium likelihood	Low likelihood
Residential properties (total 8,200)	<10	40	70
Non-residential properties (total 630)	10	30	60
People	<10	80	150
Community facilities	0	0	0
Utilities	<10	<10	<10
Transport links (excluding minor roads)	1 A road, 2 B roads at 26 locations  1 Railway route at 3 locations: Fife Circle	1 A road, 2 B roads at 34 locations  1 Railway route at 7 locations: Fife Circle	1 A road, 2 B roads at 36 locations  1 Railway route at 11 locations: Fife Circle
Environmental designated areas (km <sup>2</sup> )	0.4	0.4	0.5
Designated cultural heritage sites	8	9	10
Agricultural land (km <sup>2</sup> )	0.1	0.2	0.3

**Table 1:** Summary of flooding impacts



**Figure 2:** Damages by flood likelihood



**Figure 3: Impacts of flooding**

### History of flooding

No significant floods have been recorded in this Potentially Vulnerable Area.

## Objectives to manage flooding in Potentially Vulnerable Area 10/10

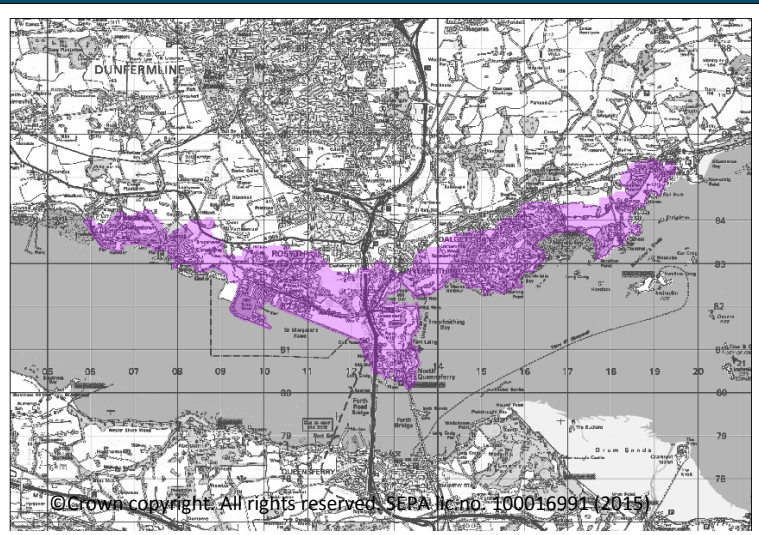
Objectives provide a common goal and shared ambition for managing floods. These objectives have been set by SEPA and agreed with flood risk management authorities following consultation. They were identified through an assessment of the underlying evidence of the causes and impacts of flooding. Target areas have been set to focus actions; they do not necessarily correspond to areas at risk in SEPA's flood map. The objectives below have been set for North Queensferry and Inverkeithing Potentially Vulnerable Area.

### Reduce economic damages to residential and non-residential properties in the North Queensferry and Inverkeithing Potentially Vulnerable Area caused by coastal flooding

Indicators:

- £13,000 Annual Average Damages from residential properties
- £310,000 Annual Average Damages from non-residential properties

Target area:



Objective ID: 10031

Target area	Objective	ID	Indicators within PVA
Rosyth	Reduce economic damages and number of residential properties at risk of surface water flooding in Rosyth where practical	10024	* See note below
Applies across Forth Estuary Local Plan District	Avoid an overall increase in flood risk	10001	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 40 residential properties</li> <li>• £590,000 Annual Average Damages</li> </ul>
Applies across Forth Estuary Local Plan District	Reduce overall flood risk	10099	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 40 residential properties</li> <li>• £590,000 Annual Average Damages</li> </ul>
Applies across Forth Estuary Local Plan District	Organisations such as Scottish Water, energy companies and Historic Environment Scotland actively maintain and manage their own assets, including the risk of flooding. These actions are not detailed further in the Flood Risk Management Strategies.		

\* This objective will be monitored using surface water flood risk across the Potentially Vulnerable Area. For 10/10 there are 10 residential properties at risk and Annual Average Damages of £50,000.

## Actions to manage flooding in Potentially Vulnerable Area 10/10

Actions describe where and how flood risk will be managed. These actions have been set by SEPA and agreed with flood risk management authorities following consultation. Selection of actions to deliver the agreed objectives was based on a detailed assessment and comparison of economic, social and environmental criteria. The actions shaded and then described below have been selected as the most appropriate for North Queensferry and Inverkeithing Potentially Vulnerable Area.

Selected actions					
<i>Flood protection scheme/works</i>	<i>Natural flood management works</i>	<i>New flood warning</i>	<i>Community flood action groups</i>	<i>Property level protection scheme</i>	<i>Site protection plans</i>
<i>Flood protection study</i>	<i>Natural flood management study</i>	Maintain flood warning	Awareness raising	Surface water plan/study	Emergency plans/response
Maintain flood protection scheme	Strategic mapping and modelling	Flood forecasting	Self help	Maintenance	Planning policies

<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>SURFACE WATER PLAN/STUDY (100240018)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Reduce economic damages and number of residential properties at risk of surface water flooding in Rosyth where practical (10024)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	Fife Council		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Not started</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>2016-2027</b>
<b>Description:</b>	The area must be covered by a surface water management plan or plans that set objectives for the management of surface water flood risk and identify the most sustainable actions to achieve the objectives.		

<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>SURFACE WATER PLAN/STUDY (100240019)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Reduce economic damages and number of residential properties at risk of surface water flooding in Rosyth where practical (10024)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	Scottish Water in partnership with local authorities		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Ongoing</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>2016-2027</b>
<b>Description:</b>	An integrated catchment study will be carried out to support the surface water management plan process and improve knowledge and understanding of surface water flood risk and interactions with other sources of flooding e.g. with the sewer network, watercourses and the sea.		

<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>STRATEGIC MAPPING AND MODELLING (100990016)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	SEPA		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Not started</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>2016-2021</b>
<b>Description:</b>	SEPA will seek to incorporate additional surface water data into the flood maps to improve understanding of flood risk. Approximately 2,600km <sup>2</sup> of improved surface water data is currently available within this Local Plan District. The inclusion of additional surface water hazard data resulting from the completion of local authority surface water management plans and Scottish Water integrated catchment studies will be considered as these projects are completed. SEPA will seek to develop flood mapping in the Dunbar to Stirling area to improve understanding of coastal flood risk. The extent and timing of improvements will depend on detailed scoping and data availability.		

<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>STRATEGIC MAPPING AND MODELLING (100990019)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	Scottish Water		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Not started</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>2016-2021</b>
<b>Description:</b>	Scottish Water will carry out an assessment of flood risk within the highest risk sewer catchments to improve knowledge and understanding of surface water flood risk.		

<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>MAINTAIN FLOOD PROTECTION SCHEME (100310017)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Reduce economic damages to residential and non-residential properties in the North Queensferry and Inverkeithing Potentially Vulnerable Area caused by coastal flooding (10031)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	Fife Council		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Existing</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>Ongoing</b>
<b>Description:</b>	Continue to maintain the existing coastal flood defences.		



<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>MAINTAIN FLOOD WARNING (100990030)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	SEPA		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Existing</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>Ongoing</b>
<b>Description:</b>	Continue to maintain the Burntisland to Aberdour, North Queensferry and Inverkeithing Bay and the Rosyth, Limekilns and Charlestown flood warning areas which are part of the Firth of Forth and Tay coastal flood warning scheme.		

<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>FLOOD FORECASTING (100990009)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	SEPA		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Existing</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>Ongoing</b>
<b>Description:</b>	The Scottish Flood Forecasting Service is a joint initiative between SEPA and the Met Office that produces daily, national flood guidance statements which are issued to Category 1 and 2 Responders. The service also provides information which allows SEPA to issue flood warnings, giving people a better chance of reducing the impact of flooding on their home or business. For more information please visit SEPA's website.		

<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>SELF HELP (100990011)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	—		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Existing</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>Ongoing</b>
<b>Description:</b>	Everyone is responsible for protecting themselves and their property from flooding. Property and business owners can take simple steps to reduce damage and disruption to their homes and businesses should flooding happen. This includes preparing a flood plan and flood kit, installing property level protection, signing up to Floodline and Resilient Communities initiatives, and ensuring that properties and businesses are insured against flood damage.		

<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>AWARENESS RAISING (100990013)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	Responsible authorities		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Existing</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>Ongoing</b>
<b>Description:</b>	<p>SEPA and the responsible authorities have a duty to raise public awareness of flood risk. Improved awareness of flood risk and actions that prepare individuals, homes and businesses for flooding can reduce the overall impact.</p> <p>SEPA will undertake flood risk education and awareness raising activities. In addition, the Scottish Flood Forum will undertake property level protection events. SEPA will participate in the these and engage with community resilience groups where possible.</p> <p>Local authorities will be undertaking additional awareness raising activities. Further details will be set out in the Local FRM Plan.</p>		

<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>MAINTENANCE (100990007)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	Fife Council, asset / land managers		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Existing</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>Ongoing</b>
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Local authorities have a duty to assess watercourses and carry out clearance and repair works where such works would substantially reduce flood risk. They produce schedules of clearance and repair works and make these available for public inspection. Scottish Water undertake inspection and repair on the public sewer network. Asset owners and riparian landowners are responsible for the maintenance and management of their own assets including those which help to reduce flood risk.</p>		

<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>EMERGENCY PLANS/RESPONSE (100990014)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Reduce overall flood risk (10099)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	Category 1 and 2 Responders		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Existing</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>Ongoing</b>
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Providing an emergency response to flooding is the responsibility of many organisations, including local authorities, the emergency services and SEPA. Effective management of an emergency response relies on emergency plans that are prepared under the Civil Contingencies Act 2004 by Category 1 and 2 Responders. The emergency response by these organisations is co-ordinated through regional and local resilience partnerships. This response may be supported by the work of voluntary organisations.</p> <p>Fife Council operates an Emergency Flood Plan. Fife Council also provides flood sacks for use in emergencies and has installed flood pods containing flood protection products for use in emergencies in flood risk areas.</p>		

<b>Action (ID):</b>	<b>PLANNING POLICIES (100010001)</b>		
<b>Objective (ID):</b>	Avoid an overall increase in flood risk (10001) Reduce overall flood risk (10099)		
<b>Delivery lead:</b>	Planning authority		
<b>Status:</b>	<b>Existing</b>	Indicative delivery:	<b>Ongoing</b>
<b>Description:</b>	<p>Scottish Planning Policy and accompanying Planning Advice Notes set out Scottish Ministers' priorities for the operation of the planning system and for the development and use of land. In terms of flood risk management, the policy supports a catchment-scale approach to sustainable flood risk management and aims to build the resilience of our cities and towns, encourage sustainable land management in our rural areas, and to address the long-term vulnerability of parts of our coasts and islands. Under this approach, new development in areas with medium to high likelihood of flooding should be avoided. For further information on the application of national planning policies see Annex 2.</p>		