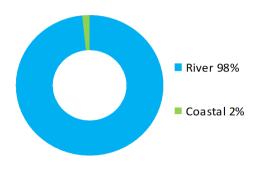
Ness, Isle of Lewis (Potentially Vulnerable Area 02/01)

Local Plan District	Local authority	Main catchment
Outer Hebrides	Comhairle nan Eilean Siar	Lewis and Harris coastal

Summary of flooding impacts



At risk of flooding

- <10 residential properties
- <10 non-residential properties
- £2,500 Annual Average Damages

(damages by flood source shown left)

Summary of objectives to manage flooding

Objectives have been set by SEPA and agreed with flood risk management authorities. These are the aims for managing local flood risk. The objectives have been grouped in three main ways: by reducing risk, avoiding increasing risk or accepting risk by maintaining current levels of management.

Many organisations, such as Scottish Water and energy companies, actively maintain and manage their own assets including their risk from flooding. Where known, these actions are described here. Scottish Natural Heritage and Historic Environment Scotland work with site owners to manage flooding where appropriate at designated environmental and/or cultural heritage sites. These actions are not detailed further in the Flood Risk Management Strategies.

Summary of actions to manage flooding

The actions below have been selected to manage flood risk.

Flood protection scheme/works	Natural flood management works	New flood warning	Community flood action groups	Property level protection scheme	Site protection plans
Flood protection study	Natural flood management study	Maintain flood warning	Awareness raising	Surface water plan/study	Emergency plans/response
Maintain flood protection scheme	Strategic mapping and modelling	Flood forecasting	Self help	Maintenance	Planning policies

Ness, Isle of Lewis (Potentially Vulnerable Area 02/01)

Local Plan District	Local authority	Main catchment
Outer Hebrides	Comhairle nan Eilean Siar	Lewis and Harris coastal

Background

This Potentially Vulnerable Area is located in the north east of the Isle of Lewis (shown below). The area extends from the Butt of Lewis in the north of the island and down the east coast to just north of Tolsta point. It is approximately 53km².

Cunndal
Cunnda

The Potentially Vulnerable Area includes several small burns which flow into the sea along the eastern and northern coast.

There are fewer than 10 residential and non-residential properties at risk of flooding.

The Annual Average Damages are approximately £2,500 with the majority caused by river flooding.

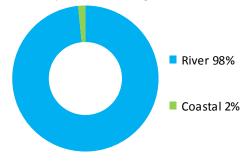


Figure 1: Annual Average Damages by flood source

Summary of flooding impacts

The risk of flooding to people and property, as well as to community facilities, utilities, the transport network, designated sites and agricultural land is summarised in Table 1.

One designated cultural heritage site is at risk of flooding. In addition, small areas of environmental importance are at risk of flooding, including Ness and Barvas Special Protection Area (SPA) and Lewis Peatlands SPA.

The damages associated with floods of different likelihood are shown in Figure 2.

For this Potentially Vulnerable Area the highest damages are to residential properties followed by damages to agricultural land.

The location of the impacts of flooding is shown in Figure 3.

	1 in 10	1 in 200	1 in 1000
	High likelihood	Medium likelihood	Low likelihood
Residential properties (total 540)	<10	<10	<10
Non-residential properties (total 130)	<10	<10	<10
People	<10	<10	<10
Community facilities	0	0	0
Utilities assets	0	0	0
Transport links (excluding minor roads)	Roads at <10 locations	Roads at <10 locations	Roads at <10 locations
Environmental designated areas (km²)	1	1	1
Designated cultural heritage sites	1	1	1
Agricultural land (km²)	0.6	0.6	0.6

Table 1: Summary of flooding impacts¹

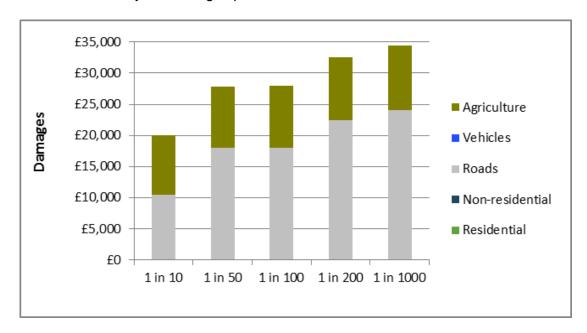


Figure 2: Damages by flood likelihood

History of flooding

There is no record of historic floods in this Potentially Vulnerable Area.

 $^{^{1}\,}$ Some receptors are counted more than once if flooded from multiple sources

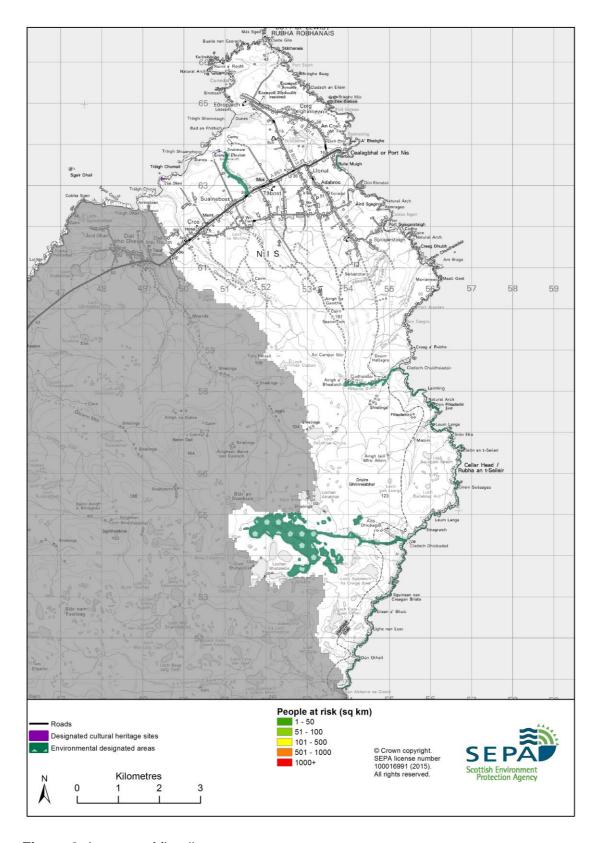


Figure 3: Impacts of flooding

Objectives to manage flooding in Potentially Vulnerable Area 02/01

Objectives provide a common goal and shared ambition for managing floods. These objectives have been set by SEPA and agreed with flood risk management authorities following consultation. They were identified through an assessment of the underlying evidence of the causes and impacts of flooding. Target areas have been set to focus actions; they do not necessarily correspond to areas at risk in SEPA's flood map. The objectives below have been set for Ness, Isle of Lewis Potentially Vulnerable Area.

Target area	Objective	ID	Indicators within PVA
Applies across Outer Hebrides Local Plan District	Avoid an overall increase in flood risk	200001	<10 residential properties£2,500 Annual Average Damages
Applies across Outer Hebrides Local Plan District	Reduce overall flood risk	200002	<10 residential properties£2,500 Annual Average Damages
Applies across Outer Hebrides Local Plan District	Organisations such as Scottish Water, energy companies and Historic Environment Scotland actively maintain and manage their own assets, including the risk of flooding. These actions are not detailed further in the Flood Risk Management Strategies.		

Actions to manage flooding in Potentially Vulnerable Area 02/01

Actions describe where and how flood risk will be managed. These actions have been set by SEPA and agreed with flood risk management authorities following consultation. Selection of actions to deliver the agreed objectives was based on a detailed assessment and comparison of economic, social and environmental criteria. The actions shaded and then described below have been selected as the most appropriate for Ness, Isle of Lewis Potentially Vulnerable Area.

Selected actions					
Flood protection scheme/works	Natural flood management works	New flood warning	Community flood action groups	Property level protection scheme	Site protection plans
Flood protection study	Natural flood management study	Maintain flood warning	Awareness raising	Surface water plan/study	Emergency plans/response
Maintain flood protection scheme	Strategic mapping and modelling	Flood forecasting	Self help	Maintenance	Planning policies

Action (ID):	NEW FLOOD WARNING (2000020010)			
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk (200002)			
Delivery lead:	SEPA			
Status:	Not started Indicative delivery: 2016-2021			
Description:	The area under consideration covers the coastline of the Outer Hebrides. A flood forecasting system will be required before flood warnings can be implemented for this area.			

Action (ID):	FLOOD FORECASTING	(2000020009)	
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk	(200002)	
Delivery lead:	SEPA		
Status:	Existing	Indicative delivery:	Ongoing
Description:	The Scottish Flood Forect SEPA and the Met Office statements which are issuservice also provides infowarnings, giving people a flooding on their home or SEPA's website. The Potentially Vulnerable alert area.	that produces daily ued to Category 1 aurmation which allow better chance of rebusiness. For more	national flood guidance and 2 Responders. The as SEPA to issue flood aducing the impact of information please visit

Action (ID):	SELF HELP (2000020011)			
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk (200002)			
Delivery lead:				
Status:	Existing	Indicative delivery:	Ongoing	
Description:	Everyone is responsible for protecting themselves and their property from flooding. Property and business owners can take simple steps to reduce damage and disruption to their homes and businesses should flooding happen. This includes preparing a flood plan and flood kit, installing property level protection, signing up to Floodline and Resilient Communities initiatives, and ensuring that properties and businesses are insured against flood damage.			

Action (ID):	AWARENESS RAISING	(2000020013)	
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk	(200002)	
Delivery lead:	Responsible authorities		
Status:	Existing	Indicative delivery:	Ongoing
Description:	SEPA and the responsible awareness of flood risk. It actions that prepare individual can reduce the overall important from 2016 SEPA will engal participation in national in Neighbourhood Watch School authorities and combodities and combodities. Further details to activities. Further details	mproved awareness iduals, homes and be pact. gage with the commitiatives, including peotland. In addition, munity resilience grandertaking additional	s of flood risk and pusinesses for flooding unity through local eartnership working with SEPA will engage with pups where possible.

Action (ID):	MAINTENANCE (2000020007)			
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk (200002)			
Delivery lead:	Comhairle nan Eilean Siar, asset / land managers			
Status:	Existing	Indicative delivery:	Ongoing	
Description:	Local authorities have a conclearance and repair work reduce flood risk. They prove works and make these as undertake inspection and owners and riparian lands and management of their reduce flood risk.	ks where such work roduce schedules of railable for public ins repair on the public owners are responsi	s would substantially f clearance and repair spection. Scottish Water c sewer network. Asset ible for the maintenance	

Action (ID):	EMERGENCY PLANS/RESPONSE (2000020014)			
Objective (ID):	Reduce overall flood risk (200002)			
Delivery lead:	Category 1 and 2 Responders			
Status:	Existing	Indicative delivery:	Ongoing	
Description:	Providing an emergency response to flooding is the responsibility of many organisations, including local authorities, the emergency services and SEPA. Effective management of an emergency response relies on emergency plans that are prepared under the Civil Contingencies Act 2004 by Category 1 and 2 Responders. The emergency response by these organisations is co-ordinated through regional and local resilience partnerships. This response may be supported by the work of voluntary organisations.			

Action (ID):	PLANNING POLICIES (2000010001)		
Objective (ID):	Avoid an overall increase in flood risk (200001)		
	Reduce overall flood risk (200002)		
Delivery lead:	Planning authority		
Status:	Existing	Indicative delivery:	Ongoing
Description:	Scottish Planning Policy and accompanying Planning Advice Notes set out Scottish Ministers' priorities for the operation of the planning system and for the development and use of land. In terms of flood risk management, the policy supports a catchment-scale approach to sustainable flood risk management and aims to build the resilience of our cities and towns, encourage sustainable land management in our rural areas, and to address the long-term vulnerability of parts of our coasts and islands. Under this approach, new development in areas with medium to high likelihood of flooding should be avoided. For further information on the application of national planning policies see Annex 2.		